

Tur Langton Parish Council

Reserves Policy

Approved at meeting draft with updated Appendix 1 for meeting 9.1.24

1. Purpose

Tur Langton Parish Council is required to maintain adequate Financial Reserves to meet the needs of the Parish Council. Sections 32 and 43 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 require local authorities to have regard to the level of Reserves needed for meeting estimated future expenditure when calculating the budget requirement.

Local Councils have no legal powers to hold revenue reserves other than for reasonable working capital or for specifically earmarked purposes. It follows that the year-end General Reserve should not be significantly higher than the annual precept. If the amount of reserves at the year-end are above a certain level in relation to the annual precept the council must give an explanation of the reserves held to the Auditor.

There is no specified minimum level of reserves that an authority should hold and it is the responsibility of the Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) to advise the Council about the level of reserves and to ensure that there are procedures for their establishment and use.

The purpose of this policy is to set out how the Council determines and reviews the level of reserves.

See Appendix 1 for the reserves for the current year.

2. Types of reserve

The council holds three types of reserves categorised as:

- General Reserves (held to cushion the impact of uneven cashflow or unexpected events),
- Earmarked (held for specific purposes) and
- Ringfenced (held for one purpose only and cannot be transferred, for example grants or donations allocated for a specific project only)

The RFO will keep a schedule of reserves held at the year-end on the budget spreadsheet.

3. General Reserves

General Reserves do not have any restrictions as to their use. These reserves can be used to smooth the impact of uneven cash flows, offset budget requirements if necessary or can be held in case of unexpected events or emergencies.

The primary means of building the General Reserve is through an allocation in the annual budget.

Approval of the full council is required to move funds from the General Reserve.

The level of financial reserves held by the council will be agreed by the council during the discussions held regarding the setting of the budget for the next financial year.

The Joint Panel on Accountability and Governance (JPAG) Practitioners' Guide advises that the generally accepted recommendation with regard to the appropriate minimum level of a Smaller Authority's General Reserve is that this should be maintained at between three and twelve months Net Revenue Expenditure (where Net Revenue Expenditure (subject to any planned surplus or deficit) is effectively Precept less any Loan Repayment and/or amounts included in the Precept for Capital Projects and transfers to Earmarked Reserves). The Leicestershire and Rutland Association of Local Councils has advised (verbally) that a council the size of Tur Langton Parish Council should aim to hold 75% (9 months) of Net Revenue Expenditure as a General Reserve.

4. Earmarked Reserves

Earmarked Reserves will be established on a "needs" basis in line with anticipated requirements to meet known or predicted liabilities.

Earmarked Reserves must be reviewed and / or established by the council at the annual budget setting meeting.

Expenditure from earmarked reserves can only be authorised by the full council at a Parish Council meeting.

Reserves should not be held to fund ongoing expenditure. This would be unsustainable, as at some point the reserves would be exhausted. If reserves are used to meet short term funding gaps, they must be replenished in the following year. However earmarked reserves that have been used to meet a specific liability would not need to be replenished, having served the purpose for which they were originally established.

The council may hold Earmarked Reserves in the following categories:

- Carry forward of underspend, where some expenditure is budgeted for projects but not spent in that financial year. Reserves are used as a mechanism to carry forward these resources.

- Reserves built up over a time period, for example, to pay for an election. The setting aside of funds over a period of time to meet known future expenditure reduces the impact of meeting the full expenditure in one year.

5. Ringfenced Reserves

These are funds that cannot be used for any other purpose for example donations, grants or loans for a specific purpose.

6. Review of this policy

This policy will be reviewed annually at the budget setting meeting and may be subject to review during the financial year in any review of the budget.

~~The Policy was reviewed and adopted at meeting 11/7/23 and will be reviewed again January 2024 when the Budget for the 24/25 year is set~~

Draft for review at meeting 9/1/24.

~~For review again in May or July 2024 when budget is reviewed to take into account actual balances carried over at 31/3/24~~

Appendix 1

Appendix 1 - Reserves in budget for 2023 – 2024

General Reserve

£5,012 – See section 3 above. The precept for 23/24 is set at £10,026. Deducting loan repayment £3,343.74 gives £6,682.26, 75% of this is £5,011.70. The council is therefore holding the appropriate amount of General Reserve

£5,360.00. See Section 3 above. The precept for 24/25 is £10,630.00. Deducting loan repayment of £3,343.74 and Election budget of £136.00 gives a balance of £7,150.26, 75% of this is £5,363.00. The General Reserve is therefore very near to meeting the criteria of 75% of Net Revenue Expenditure.

Earmarked Reserves

The revised budget gives the following estimated Earmarked Reserves:

IT equipment and domain	£300 £200.00	Held to pay for new equipment when necessary.
Election	£1,018	To build up reserve for election in 2027. £136 to be added to budget each year to make budget up to £1,562.00
Repairs and Maintenance	£300 £200	Held for unexpected repairs of street furniture. Budget includes category for ongoing maintenance
Defibrillator	£175 £100	For any unexpected repairs not covered in maintenance agreement
Village Improvements	£2,000 £200	Possible use: Highways project to add to funding from Members' Highways Fund, other village improvement projects Starting to build up reserves to put towards village improvement projects
Village Hall	£576	Held in reserve to pay rent to Merton College if the Village Hall Committee are not able to meet the cost.
Total	£4,369 £1,718	

Ringfenced Reserve

In the 23/24 Budget the council holds the following Ringfenced Reserves:

Highways	£5,000	This is a grant from Leicestershire County Council to be used for "Highway Improvement Projects"
Village Hall Memorial Garden	£392.37	Tur Langton Parish Council received a donation of £478.16 towards a Memorial

Appendix 1

		Garden at the Village Hall. Some of this has been spent and a balance of £392.37 was carried over at 31/3/23 to be spent on a sign for the garden and plants
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In the 24/25 Budget the council holds no Ringfenced Reserves.